

Тема: “Mari El. The theatres of Mari El”.

Цели:

1. Образовательные:

- Автоматизация речевых умений и навыков по теме.
- Расширение кругозора обучающихся по теме «Театры Марий Эл.»

2. Воспитательные:

- Воспитание чувств патриотизма к своей малой родине.
- Эстетическое воспитание через музыку, песни, литературу, прикладное искусство народа Мари.

Воспитание социально -активной личности, сохраняющей и преумножающей национально- культурные ценности своего народа.

3. Развивающие:

- Формирование навыков и умений представления информации с использованием современных электронных технологий.

МКК: знакомство детей с географическим положением Марий Эл, его столицей Йошкар-Ола, театрами Марий Эл.

Предмет: английский язык.

Место проведения: МОУ «Коркатовский лицей».

Учитель: Иванова В.В.

Класс: 7.

Оборудование:

1. Художественное оформление класса (карта Республики Марий Эл, герб, флаг.)
2. Выставка книг о Марий Эл.
3. Видеосюжеты о Марийском крае, буклеты о Марий Эл, о театре оперы и балета имени Э.Сапаева.
4. Предметы прикладного искусства (вышитые полотенца, корзины, марийские сувениры).
5. Национальные блюда (блины, каравай).
6. Электронный проект по теме «Марий Эл. Йошкар-Ола – столица Марий Эл. Театры».

I.Начало урока. Приветствие, ознакомление с темой и задачами урока.

Беседа о погоде.

T- K1: -Good morning ,girls and boys. I’m very glad to see you. How are you? What is the weather like in autumn and in winter?

P: Autumn usually comes at the and of August and lasts 60 days. In September the temperature reaches zero, small rivers and lakes begin to freeze. Autumn is cool, with constant rains and frosts. The first snow comes at the and of October. In the middle of November the earth is covered with snow. All the rivers freeze. Winter lasts about 160 days. The average monthly temperature is 13 degrees below zero, the frosts reach 50 degrees. The

layer of snow is 35-45 cm. Children like to ski and to skate on the rivers and lakes when they are frozen.

T: All right. On the 4th of November we have noted the anniversary of Mari El since the basis. So today we will speak about our republic, our capital of Y-Ola and about the theatres of Mari El. We will travel to Mari Land

Видеопрезентация (слайд)- карта Марий Эл с гербом, флагом.

II. Речевая подготовка.

1. T-Kl: -Do you like our Republic? Why?

P1: - Yes I do. Our republic has a favourable geographical position.

P2: - Yes I do. The republic is characterized by the temperate- continental climate.

P3: - The territory of Mari El is big.

P4: - Our republic is rich in lakes and rivers ...

P5: -There are 4 towns and some settlements.

2. T-Kl: -And now, we will listen a poem. Who will tell by heart?

P1: - стих о Марий Эл.

Oh, Mari El, I'm in love with you!

Remember, Mari El, you are great
Not in the field of battles past.
But in the green fields full of wheat
And forests, gardens, free of dust.
I love you deeply, dear land,
Your hills and rivers, sand on strand
Your songs and dances, lakes and seas
Your beasts and fish, birds in trees.
Your sunrise in a splendid sight
Which gives me always such delight!

III. Презентация о Йошкар - Оле.

T-Kl: We continue to travel. We are in the capital of Mari Land in Yoshkar-Ola. This year the city has noted the 425th anniversary since the basis. We have a videoproject about Yoshkar-Ola.

P1: Рассказ о Йошкар-Оле в сопровождении с электронной презентацией.

1. Yoshkar-Ola is the ...

2. It is situated ...

3. The city of ... was founded ...

4. The coat of arms includes ...

5. Yoshkar-Ola is famous for...

6. I would advise a visitor to see ...

T-Kl: -And now, we are in the street of Yoshkar-Ola.

We have a rest. We repeat our rhyme.

Stop! Look! Listen!
Before you cross the street,
Use your eyes, use your ears,
And then use your feet.

IV. Ролевая игра «На улице Йошкар-Олы».

3

P1:- Good morning!

P2:- Good morning!

P1:- How are you?

P2:- I'm fine .and you?

P1:- I'm OK. I am for the first time in Yoshkar-Ola.

P2:- Oh, I live in Yoshkar-Ola. It is a very fantasnic city. I like it.

P1:- Can you tell me, please, where Lenin square is?

P2:- Of couse. It is not very far from here. May I ask, what do you look for?

P1:- The Shketan Mari National Theatre. And where must I go from this street?

P2:- You must go up the street, turn right, and you are there!

P1:-That is very kind of you. All the best to you.

P2:- Not at all. The same to you! Good bye!

P1:- Good bye!

V. Обсуждение марийских театров.

T: Let's read the text about the theatres of Mari El.

Theatres in Mari El.

A theatre is a building where plays, operas, ballets, operettas are performed. The main two parts of a theatre are the stage for the actors and the hall for the audience which are separated by the orchestra pit. We can have seats in the orchestrastalls, in the stalls, in the pit, in the boxes, in the dress circle, on the balcony and in the gallery. We can go to a matinee or evening performance and can buy tickets beforehand or at the box-office before the performance.

If we want to go to the theatre we look through a billboard to find out what the cast is. If we come to the theatre before the performance we go through the foyer to look at the pictures of actors, actresses, singers, dancers hanging on the walls. During the interwals we can go to the refreshment room. To get some more information about the cast we can buy a programme.

There are theatres for children and grown-ups. People who often go to the theatre are called theatre-goers or fans.

In the capital of Mari El there are 4 theatres:

- The Shketan Mari National Theatre. M.Shketan played a great role in the creation of this theatre. There is a bust to him near the theatre.

- The Konstantinov Russian Drama Theatre. The theatre got its name after its former stage manager in 1994.

- The Puppet Theatre for children.
- The Sapaev Opera and Ballet Theatre. It was named after Sapaev in 1994.
- The Shektan Mari National Theatre used to be called differently: the Musical

Theatre and the Mari Music and Drama Theatre. It was opened in 1920 and in 1929 it became a professional theatre which was housed in different buildings of the town. The present magnificent building of the Mari National Theatre with its beautiful columns was opened in our town in Lenin Square in 1960. It has a hall for 800 people. The plays in this theatre are performed in the national language. On the 19th of March, 1995 the theatre celebrated its 75th anniversary.

The Konstantinov Russian Drama Theatre is in Chavain boulevard. Its history goes back to 1937 when this theatre was situated in K.Marx street.

The puppet theatre was opened in our town in 1942. Now it is placed in a new building in K.Marx street. Children like to attend puppet shows at this theatre. The performances of this theatre were a great success in Moscow in April of 1994.

The performances at the Sapaev opera and Ballet Theatre are staged in the building of the Mari National Theatre. Those who like to go this theatre know the names of such opera singers of dancers: A.Shved, N.Kovaleva, T.Perepelitsa, E.Komleva, L.Ushakova, Y.Tupicov, L.Barysheva, B. Dobrynin and others.

The repertoire of our theatre is very wide. We can listen to operas by Tchaikovsky, Rossini, Verdi, Bizet, Coumou, Puccini, etc., operettas by Strauss and Lehar.

The first Mari opera "Akpatyr" by E.Sapaev based on the drama by S.Chavain was staged on the 5th of April, 1963 and is still in the repertoire. Boris Artemyev sang the part of the legendary hero Akpatyr. T.Labutina sang the main part of Evika.

Another national opera "Elnet" I.Molotov based on the novel by S.Chavain was also a great success for its music and singing. N.Kovaleva performed the part of Chacha. N.Kovaleva has a beautiful voice and is a good actress.

Lovers of ballet can admire the beautiful ballets "Swan Lake", "The Nutcracker", "The Angara", "Gissele" and others.

The first national ballet "The forest Legend" by A.Luppov was staged on the 17th of February, 1974 with A.Alexandrova, G.Klimanova and V.Kuzminyk in the main parts who created the vivid images of Erica, Shaivi and Keremet.

The repertoire of the Mari National Theatre is very wide. "Salika"... one of the national historical plays by the famous playwright S.Nikolaev was first staged in 1936. Since that time it has been staged more than 700 times. Another play "Aivika" was first staged in 1948.

1. Чтение текста.

2. Перевод текста на русский язык .

3. Вопросы к тексту:

a.) How many theatres are there in Yoshkar-Ola?

b.) Who is Mari national theatre named after?

c.) When did the Sheketan Mari National Theatre celebrate his anniversary?

d.) When was this theatre opened?

VI. Викторина.

T-K1: -And now, let's revise our knowledges. Do you know the republic of Mari El?

Test.

1.) When was our republic called Mari El?

1. 1990.

2. 1991.

3. 1992.

2.) How many administrative regions are there in our republic.

1. 12

2. 14

3. 15

3.) What town is the oldest in our republic?

1. Yoshkar-Ola.

2. Kozmodemyansk.

3. Volzhsk.

4.) When was Yoshkar-Ola founded?

1. 1541.

2. 1581.

3. 1584.

5.) Who is the mari national theatre named after?

1. Shketan.

2. Konstantinov.

3. Chavain.

6.) E.Sapaev is the author of the first Mari...

1. ballet.

2. song.

3. opera.

7.) Which of the following is considered to be the mari national dish?

1. Koman melna.

2. Chak-chak.

3. Pudding.

VII. Демонстрация слайдов о Марий Эл с комментариями.

T-Kl: -Now we will see photos about Mari Land .

Ученик описывает слайды.

VIII. Марийская песня .

T-Kl: -We are very tired. Mari song is very beautiful .Let's listen it .

Звучит марийская песня.

TKl: -Thank you, pupils, for your work at the lesson. I give you good marks. Wellcome to Mari El. Пагален ужына.

Заключительный этап урока. Подведение итогов.